

RESPONSE OBJECTIVES and STRATEGIES

The Response Strategic Objectives are set by the Unified Command

The Response Strategies are developed by the Operations and Planning Sections

Listed are suggested Examples. They should be reviewed, refined and prioritized daily.

1) Ensure the Safety of Citizens and Response Personnel

- Identify hazards of spilled material (MSDS)
- Establish site control: hot zone, warm zone, cold zone and security
- Consider evacuations as needed
- Establish vessel and or aircraft restrictions
- Monitor air in impacted area
- Develop site safety plan for response personnel
- Ensure safety briefings are conducted

2) Make the Required Notifications and contact OSRO's

- USCG National Response Center ----- (800) 424-8802 (202) 267-2675
- State of Hawaii Department of Health ----- (808) 586-4249 (808) 247-2191
- USCG District 14 MSO office ----- (808) 522-8260
- LEPC Local Area Planning Committee (Civil Defense) ----- (808) 523-4121
- USN SUPSALV ----- (808) 423-7100
- OSRO's / Contractors CIC, MSRC, PENCO, PSC, Unitek, MARLOG and SUPSALV
- AGENCIES: USF&W, NOAA, NMFS and Hawaii State DLNR

3) Manage Response Efforts in a Coordinated Manner

- Establish a Unified Command and ICS organization
- Ensure local and Native Hawaiian Organizations are included if necessary
- Develop spill response Incident Action Plan
- Ensure the mobilization and tracking of resources

4) Control the Source of the Spill

- Complete emergency shut down procedures (stop the flow)
- Conduct fire fighting efforts or be prepared for possibility of a fire
- Initiate temporary repairs
- Transfer or lighter the product
- Begin recovery operations

5) Establish Surveillance Capability (Air Operations)

- Conduct regular overflights
- Send out Observers

6) Contain the Spilled Material

- Deploy standby oil containment boom at the Shallow Water Recovery site
- Deploy oil containment boom at appropriate collection areas
- Deploy oil containment boom where oil may be trapped and locked in

7) Recover the Spilled Material

- Conduct on-water collection and recovery
- Deploy collection and recovery systems at locations along the shoreline
- Use sorbent material where appropriate



8) Protect the Sensitive Environmental, Recreational, Economic and Cultural Areas

- Deploy geographic response strategies (exclusion and deflection booming)
- Identify natural resources at risk in the spill vicinity
- Develop environmentally appropriate cleanup tactics
- Track oil movement and develop spill trajectories

9) Clean up (remove) the Oil from the Impacted Areas

- Conduct environmentally appropriate shoreline clean up efforts
- Clean oiled structures: piers, docks, bridges, etc.
- Clean oiled boats and vessels

10) Consider Alternative Technologies

- Dispersant application
- In-situ Burning

11) Recover and Rehabilitate Injured Wildlife

- Establish oiled wildlife reporting hotline, if necessary
- Conduct injured wildlife search and recovery operations
- Set up a stabilization unit for injured wildlife
- Operate a wildlife rehabilitation center, if oiled wildlife is found

12) Minimize the Economic Impacts of the Spill

- Consider tourism, vessel movements and local economic impacts throughout the spill
- Protect public and private assets as resources permit

13) Dispose of the Waste Properly (Develop a Disposal Plan)

- Locate sufficient storage for recovered oil and water
- Provide dumpsters at each division for sorbent material and oiled debris
- Profile the waste streams, record the quantities and arrange for disposal

14) Establish a Damage Claims Process

15) Keep the Stakeholders Informed of the Response Activities

- Provide a Forum to obtain Stakeholder input and concerns
- Identify stakeholder concerns and issues, and address as practical
- Provide elected officials with the details of the response actions

16) Keep the Public Informed of the Response Activities

- Provide timely notifications of safety announcements and other actions
- Establish a Joint Information Center
- Conduct regular news briefings
- Facilitate news media access to spill response activities
- Conduct public meetings and public relations programs as appropriate
- Provide elected officials details of the response actions

17) Terminate the Response

- Account for personnel and equipment
- Complete documentation and notification
- Evaluate planned response objectives vs. actual response (debrief)